W

WALKER, ANDREW, human resources manager; b. 5 January 1954 in Summerside, son of Kenneth and Willene Walker; m. 1 September 1979 Carol Ann MacLanders, and they had five children, Luke Andrew, Rebecca Anne, Victoria, Hannah, and Michaela; Presbyterian.

Walker, a Conservative, was elected to the Legislative Assembly in a by-election held 10 November 1986 for 5th Prince. He was defeated in the general election of 1989. In the Legislature, Walker was Opposition critic for justice, labour, community and cultural affairs, and environment. In June 1988 he was a candidate for the Conservative party leadership. He served as Treasurer of the 5th Prince Progressive Conservative Association and President of the Prince Edward Island Progressive Conservative Party Association.

"Andy" Walker received his secondary education at Summerside High School, and later attended prep school at Phillips Exeter Academy. In 1976 he obtained a Bachelor's degree with a major in political science and physics at Dartmouth College in Hanover, New Hampshire. He attended Cornell University in Ithaca, New York, and in 1980 graduated from law school at Dalhousie University. In 1981 Walker began practising law in Summerside and became a partner in the firm Walker and Avlward. He served as president of the Law Foundation of Prince Edward Island, and was a member of the articling and admissions committee and the discipline committees of the Law Society of Prince Edward Island. He is currently employed as human resources manager at M. F. Schurman Company Limited in Summerside.

Walker served as chairman of the board of managers of the Presbyterian Church in Summerside. An accomplished distance runner, he finished third in the Canadian Olympic Trials in 1976 for the 3,000-metre steeplechase. He was an all-Ivy League champion in distance running twice.

Andrew Walker resides in Summerside.

References

CPG 1987, 1989, 1993; Guardian 14 June 1988, 18 April 1989, 22 December 1995.

WARBURTON, K.C., D.C.L.,

ALEXANDER BANNERMANN, lawyer, judge, and author; b. 4 April 1852 in St. Eleanors, son of James Warburton and Martha Compton Green; m. first 23 August 1883 Helen Margaret Davies of St. Eleanors, and there were no children; m. secondly 25 October 1889 Isabella Cogswell Longworth of Charlottetown, and they had three children, Olga, Mrs. J. Holroyd, and Morah Frances; Anglican; d. 14 January 1929 in Charlottetown.

Warburton, a Liberal, was first elected to the House of Assembly in a by-election held 29 May 1891 for 1st Queens. He was defeated in the general election of 1890 for Charlottetown Royalty. He was elected to the Legislative Assembly in the general elections of 1893 and 1897. Following the unexpected resignation of Frederick Peters* in 1897, Warburton became premier in October of that year. On 1 August 1898, he resigned as premier and as a Member of the Legislative Assembly to accept a judicial appointment to the Court of Kings County. As a result of urging from members of the Liberal party, on 21 October 1904, Warburton resigned from the Bench to become a candidate in that year's federal election for Queen's. Despite being defeated, he reoffered in the 1908 federal election and was elected. Warburton was defeated in the 1911 and 1917 federal elections. He served as Mayor of Charlottetown from 1901 to 1904.

Warburton was born in Summerside and attended public school there. He attended St. Dunstan's for two years. Later he attended King's College in Windsor, Nova Scotia, and received a Bachelor of Arts degree. While at King's College, he won the Williams Engineering Prize and the Welsford Scholarship for ranking first in the first-year class. In 1876 Warburton was awarded a Bachelor of Law degree, and he received a Doctor of Law degree in 1897, both from King's College. Warburton also studied at the University of Edinburgh for one year, concentrating on Arts and Classics.

Warburton began law studies in London, England, where he was tutored by the famous instructor, Walter Wren, as well as by M. G. Baugh, noted special pleader at the Inner Temple. Later, upon his return to the Island, he continued his studies with L. H. Davies*. On 6 July 1878, Warburton was admitted to the Bar and established a law practice in Charlottetown. In 1882 Warburton and Francis Conroy became law partners. He later

became a partner with C. R. Smallwood, at an- Honourable James Warburton and Martha C. other period a partner with Donald A. MacKinnon*, and later with D. Edgar Shaw. Following a career in provincial politics, in 1898 Warburton was appointed as a judge with the Kings County Court where he served until resigning in 1904. In 1920 he returned to the Bench when he was appointed Judge of Probate, and remained there until his death.

Warburton was also an author and lecturer. He wrote A History of Prince Edward Island 1534-1831, and was an editor with D. A. MacKinnon and one of the authors of Past and Present. For a number of years he was one of the chief political editorial writers for the Patriot. Warburton was among the first Islanders to promote school consolidation and wrote a series of provocative essays to point out its advantages. He was a director of Patriot Publishing Co. and Eastern Assurance, a member of the Charlottetown school board, secre- local schools, before attending St. Dunstan's Coltary of the Prince Edward Island Exhibition Association, and a vice-president of the Dominion Forestry Association. Warburton was also a central figure in the campaign to plant trees in the city of Charlottetown. As a result of his efforts and those of his colleagues, over 800 trees were planted, beginning in 1884. Alexander Warburton died 14 January 1929.

Warburton's father came to the Island in 1834 from Garry Hinch, Portartington, in Queens County, Ireland. He, too, was a public figure in the province, serving as Treasurer and in 1851 as Colonial Secretary. A prominent Reform (Liberal) politician in the mid-1800s, James Warburton was one of the leading proponents in the campaign for responsible government for Prince Edward Island.

Helen Warburton, the daughter of Daniel and Catherine Davies, died 22 July 1884. Isabella Warburton, the daughter of John Longworth and Elizabeth Tremaine, was born 11 July 1859 and died 28 November 1945.

References

CDP pp. 591-92; CPG 1899; Elections PEI; Meacham's Atlas, Past and Present pp. 352-54; Provincial Premiers Birthday Series: MacDonald If You're Stronghearted p. 67; Cotton pp. 38, 46; Examiner 16 November 1885; Journal-Pioneer 14 August 1973; Patriot 14 January 1929; Royal Gazette 5 April 1852; PARO: Marriage Register RG 19 Vital Statistics series 3 subseries 3 vol. 5 1882-1923; MNI-Census 1891; Charlottetown People's Cemetery Records; Foxley River Anglican Cemetery Records; Sherwood Cemetery Records.

WARBURTON, M.D., JAMES, physician and surgeon; b. 30 June 1855 in Conway, son of the Legislative Assembly in the general election of

Green; m. 13 July 1887 Louisa May Hobkirk, and they had three children, Helen Martha, James Arthur, and Eric; Anglican; d. 9 February 1928 in Montreal.

Warburton, a Liberal, was first elected to the Legislative Assembly in a by-election held 16 March 1904 for 5th Queens. He was re-elected in the general elections of 1904 and 1908. Warburton served as President of the provincial Liberal Association.

Before entering provincial politics, Warburton was elected Mayor of Charlottetown in 1897. He was re-elected in 1900 by acclamation, and was re-elected by a large majority a third time in 1902. During his three successive terms, a system of concrete sidewalks and a sewage system were established in the city.

Warburton received his early education in lege in Charlottetown. He also attended Prince of Wales College and then Windsor College in Halifax. In 1880 he graduated from the medical department at the University of Edinburgh, Scotland.

Warburton first practised medicine in Fifeshire, Scotland, for two-and-a-half years. In 1882 he returned to the Island and established a medical practice in Charlottetown. Warburton continued to practise medicine until two weeks prior to his death, which occurred while on a trip to Montreal for a medical consultation and an operation. James Warburton died 9 February 1928.

Louisa Warburton, was the daughter of Dr. William H. Hobkirk of Charlottetown. She was born ca. 1855 and died in 1913.

CPG 1909; Past and Present, pp. 512-13; Examiner 13 July 1887; Guardian 10 February 1928; PARO: MNI-Census 1891.

WEDGE, Ph.C., HENRY W., pharmacist, property owner, and sheep breeder; b. 27 December 1908 in Summerside, son of John P. Wedge and Adele Arsenault, both originally from Mont Carmel; m. firstly 25 September 1935 Marie L. Delaney, and they had two children, J. H. Richard and Carol Ann; m. secondly, in Moncton, September 1962, E. Marie Condrick of Boston, and there were no children; Roman Catholic; d. 15 June 1972 in Halifax.

Wedge, a Conservative, was first elected to

elections of 1962 and 1966. He was defeated in the importer-exporter; b. 22 November 1822 in Lot general election of 1970. On 17 September 1959, 49, son of Charles Welsh and Lois Bell; m. 31 Janu-Wedge was appointed Minister of Welfare and ary 1854 Maria Jones Pethick, and there were no Labour, and served as Minister of Health from 1965 children; Anglican; d. 22 June 1905 in until 28 July 1966. He was named Islander of the Year for 1965 for launching a program dedicated to housing for senior citizens. One of the results elected to the House of Assembly in a by-election of this program was the construction of Summerset Manor in Summerside.

career, Wedge was an alderman in Summerside from elected to the House of Commons in 1887 for 1938 to 1950. From 1950 to 1956, he served as Mayor of Summerside. During his years in the Mayor's office, a number of buildings were erected East Queen's. in Summerside, including the Summerside High School auditorium and the Summerside Junior Academy in Charlottetown. He was a merchant and High School. As well, Queen Elizabeth Park was constructed and the Civic Stadium project was begun.

Summerside. He attended St. Dunstan's College, and later Dalhousie University, where he graduated from the pharmacy program in 1935. Wedge be- Pethick and Henrietta Webster, was born in 1828 gan his pharmacy career at Enman Drug Com- and died 15 July 1890. William Welsh's younger pany in Summerside, and later became the majority shareholder and manager. He was one of the Owen*. principals of Hillcrest Housing Corporation and owned Wedge Realties. Wedge was active in promoting and preserving the Acadian culture. He was president of the PEI Pharmaceutical Society, president of the Summerside branch of the La Société St-Thomas-d'Aguin, and La Société l'Assomption, a member of the Board of Governors of St. Dunstan's University and president of the Alumni, and was founding member of the Acadian Museum. Wedge was a sheep breeder and contributed to the Egmont Bay and Mont Carmel Exhibitions. He was a member of the Knights of Columbus and achieved the distinction of serving as Grand Knight. He was also an active member of the Kinsmen Club. Henry Wedge died 15 June 1972 at Victoria General Hospital.

Marie Wedge, the daughter of Dr. Mark Delaney and Marie Cosgrove of Wellington, died on 13 September 1961.

References

Acadiens p. 96; CPG 1970, 1971; Journal-Pioneer 15 June 1972, 26 June 2000, 21 July 2000; Guardian 16 June 1972.

1959 for 3rd Prince. He was re-elected in the general WELSH, WILLIAM, merchant, shipowner, and Charlottetown.

Welsh, an Independent Liberal, was first held September 1873 for 4th Queens. He was reelected in the general election of 1876. He resigned Before beginning his provincial political from the House of Assembly in 1878. Welsh was Queen's County, and was re-elected in 1891. He was defeated in the federal election of 1896 for

Welsh received his education at Central shipowner, in partnership with Lemuel C. Owen*, in the firm Welsh and Owen. This firm acted as an importer-exporter for the Island in the late 1860s Wedge received his early education in until the late 1870s. John McDougall* built some vessels for Welsh. William Welsh died 22 June 1905.

> Maria Welsh, the daughter of Thomas sister, Lois, was married to Lemuel Cambridge

CDP p. 597; DCB XIV pp. 812-813; Bremner, Memories of Long Ago p. 40; Daily Examiner 16 July 1890; Islander 3 February 1854; PARO: Marriage License book 5 1852-57 p. 342; MNI-Census 1881.

WESTAWAY, LEWIS JOHN, merchant, sea captain, and ship owner; b. 12 November 1821 in Georgetown, son of Roger Dart Westaway of Devonshire, England, and Damaris Watts, of Charles, Plymouth, England; m. Ann Westaway, and there were no children; Anglican; d. 23 November 1885 in Georgetown.

Westaway, a Liberal, was elected to the Legislative Assembly in the 1876 general election for Georgetown and Royalty, defeating Archibald J. MacDonald by one vote. He was defeated in the general election of 1879. His win in 1876 over Archibald J. MacDonald* was historic as it was the only loss MacDonald suffered in 12 elections.

Westaway lived in Georgetown throughout his life. He was a merchant, ship owner, and a sea captain who sailed out of Georgetown. In 1880, according to Meacham's Atlas, he partnered with Malcolm McDonald* in the company Westaway and McDonald, of Georgetown. It is likely that Westaway's business ventures were profitable, as a family account states he was a rich man. At one time, he had accumulated \$2 million worth of money and property. The family account further states that he owned large sailing ships, steamers, hotels, houses, a foundry, and a shipyard. Lewis Westaway died 23 November 1885.

Ann Westaway was born in Glasgow, Scotland, ca. 1830 and died 23 February 1878.

References

CPG 1877, 1880; Meacham's Atlas; Daily Examiner 23 February 1878 p. 3; PARO: MNI-Census 1881; MNI-Hutchinson's p. 127; MNI-Mercantile Agency Reference Book 1876; Westaway Family File; St. Paul's Anglican Church Records; Trinity Anglican Cemetery Records.

WHEAR, JOHN FREDERICK, lawyer, post office inspector, and postmaster; b. 1 January 1867, son of John Whear and Margaret Barnard; m. 5 September 1895 Florence J. Murchison, and they had two children, Marion B. and Constance C.; Methodist; d. 1951.

Whear, a Liberal, was elected to the Legislative Assembly in the general election of 1900 for 5th Queens, and was appointed to Executive Council. He resigned his seat in 1904. In 1900 Whear was elected to the Charlottetown City Council for Ward Four, and in 1902 was elected for Ward Five.

Whear received his early education in local public schools, before attending Prince of Wales College in Charlottetown. He studied law in the office of L. H. Davies*. Whear was admitted to the Bar in January 1890. He practised in Davies' firm until 1901, when he began his own law firm. He later formed a partnership with Major W. A. Weeks under the name Weeks and Whear. George McPhee* would later article with the firm. Whear continued his work as a lawyer until he was appointed Postmaster of Charlottetown and Post Office Inspector for the province. John Whear died in 1951.

Florence Whear was the daughter of James and Ann Murchison of Point River, Belfast. She died in 1961.

References

CPG 1903; Elections PEI; Past and Present pp. 357-58; PARO: Sherwood Cemetery Records.

WIGMORE, THOMAS, farmer; b. 7 August 1877 in Graham's Road, son of Henry Wigmore and Mary Ramsay; m. 30 January 1907 Katie Bertram, and they had eight children, Fred, Cecil, Hazen,

and McDonald, of Georgetown. It is likely that Christine, Elmer, Edna, Adelaide, and Mildred; Westaway's business ventures were profitable, as a United; d. 16 June 1958 in Kensington.

family account states he was a rich man. At one time, he had accumulated \$2 million worth of money and property. The family account further for 1st Queens. He was defeated in the general election of 1935.

Wigmore, a Conservative, was elected to the Legislative Assembly in the general election of 1931 for 1st Queens. He was defeated in the general election of 1935.

Wigmore moved from Graham's Road in 1930, to a farm in Pleasant Valley. In 1948, when he retired from farming, he moved to Kensington. In 1955 Wigmore was appointed town magistrate and Justice of the Peace. He retired from these positions in 1958, due to failing health. Wigmore was a member of the A.F. and A.M. of Stanley Bridge, as well as the L.O.L. of Breadalbane. He also was a member of the Kensington United Church. Thomas Wigmore died 16 June 1958 at his home.

Katie Wigmore died 12 September 1978.

References

CPG 1933; Guardian 12 September 1978; Patriot 16 June 1958; PARO: Pleasant Valley Floral Hills Cemetery Records.

WILLIAMS, JOHN ELLIOT, lobster fisher, boat builder, and boat designer; b. 5 September 1920 in Beach Point, son of Elliot L. Williams and Katie Jane MacLeod; m. 11 September 1940 Annie Giddings, and they had seven children, Olive, Kenneth, Ernest, Charles, Miriam, Lily, and Perry; Church of Christ; d. 4 June 1988 in Charlottetown.

Williams, a Conservative, was elected to the Legislative Assembly in the general election of 1978 for 4th Kings. He was defeated in the general election of 1979.

"Johnnie" Williams was educated in Beach Point. He had a varied career, which began as a general merchant in the 1940s. Williams enlisted in the Royal Canadian Navy during the Second World War, to work as a shipwright. He received the Voluntary Service Medal. Following the war, Williams returned to Beach Point and became a fisherman, carpenter, plasterer, and eventually a well-known boat builder, working at this last venture from the early 1950s until his death.

He was a member of the board of directors of the Georgetown Shipyard. Williams was vice-president of the Murray Harbour Library and president of the Montague Regional High School Band Parents Association. John Williams died 4 June 1988 at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital.

References

CPG 1979, 1980; WWPEI p. 139; Eastern Graphic 8 October 1986; Guardian 25 June 1988.

WISE, JOSEPH, farmer and livestock exporter; b. 14 October 1834 in North Milton, son of Joseph Wise and Grace Ryder; m. first 29 March 1866 MacKinnon, and they had four children, Frederick, ruary 1909 in Charlottetown.

Wise, a Liberal, was elected to the House of Assembly in the general election of 1886 for 2nd Queens. He was first elected to the Legislative Asdefeated in the general election of 1890.

slim majority. During the 1899 legislative sessions, he broke with them to vote with the Conservatives. The government, led by Premier Farquharson*, do if a by-election was held before the spring 1900 Leonard Wood died 13 April 1957. session. The by-election was not held and, as a reon 8 May 1900, his resignation was announced in Mt. Albion, Lot 48. She died 13 December 1959. the House. This was immediately followed by Wise defiantly taking his seat. In the uproar that fol-References lowed, his vote with the Conservatives, which would have defeated the Government, was not recognized by Speaker James Cummiskey*. The following day, entered the refuted resignation into the record. When asked to withdraw, Wise refused. He was Arms, assisted by the House Messenger, then locked in the Speaker's room until the House adjourned. When order was restored, Farquharson maintained his majority when Conservative Henry Pineau*, who had been conspicuously absent for a number of months, switched to the government side.

Throughout his life, Wise lived in North Milton where he was educated in the local school. He spent his lifetime farming in Milton and also exported livestock to England. Wise served as Grand Master of the Grand Orange Lodge of Prince Edward Island. Joseph Wise died 21 February 1909.

Jane Wise died 16 August 1871. Sophia Wise was born ca. 1843. Joseph Wise's father, born in Devon, England, immigrated to the Island in 1827.

CPG 1891, 1899; Elections PEI; Meacham's Atlas, MacDonald If You're Stronghearted pp. 24-25; Patriot 22 February; PARO: RG 19 Marriage Register series 3 subseries 3; Marriage Record Book No. 13 1870-1887; MNI-Census 1891; St. Paul's Anglican Church Records; Union Road Cemetery Records.

Jane Essery, and they had one child, Caroline WOOD, LEONARD J., farmer and trader; b. 27 Penelope; m. secondly 20 February 1883 Sophia July 1865, at Mt. Herbert, son of Leonard Wood and Margaret Irving; m. 3 May 1889 Jessie May Henry, Fannie, and Albert; Presbyterian; d. 21 Feb- Stewart, and there were no children; United; d. 13 April 1957.

Wood, a Conservative, was first elected to the Legislative Assembly in the general election of 1904 for 3rd Queens. He was re-elected in the gensembly in the general election of 1893. He was re- eral elections of 1915 and 1923. He was defeated in elected in the general election of 1897. Wise was the general election of 1919. On 12 January 1916, he was appointed as a Minister without Portfolio In 1899 and 1900, Wise proved a key player in the Mathieson* and Arsenault* Administrations. in the Liberal government's effort to maintain their On 5 September 1923, he was again appointed Minister without Portfolio, this time in the Stewart* administration.

Wood received his education in the local tried to persuade him to resign, which he agreed to school, and was a farmer and a trader in Hopeton.

Jessie Wood was the daughter of Charles sult, Wise withdrew his resignation. Nonetheless, and Sarah Stewart. She was born 8 January 1870 at

An Island Family p. 52; CPG 1909, 1917, 1923, 1924; Guardian 15 April 1957; PARO: MNI-Census 1891; Census 1901; Mount Herbert United Church Cemetery Records.

Wise attempted to take his seat, but the Speaker WOOD, MATTHEW WORLAND, farmer; b. 2 March 1879 in Mount Herbert, son of Robert and Margaret Wood; m. first 15 August 1902 Ethel dragged out of the Legislature by the Sergeant-At- Catherine Wood, and they had three children, Matthew Roland (died in infancy), Helen, and Lisle (predeceased her father); m. secondly Maude MacPherson, and there were no children; Baptist; d. 10 May 1969 in Charlottetown.

> Wood, a Conservative, was elected to the Legislative Assembly in the general election of 1931 for 3rd Queens. He was defeated in the general elections of 1935, 1939, 1943, 1947, and 1951. Wood was sworn in as a Minister without Portfolio on 29 August 1931. He served under Premier James Stewart* until 1933, and then under Premier W. J. P. MacMillan* from 1933 to 1935.

> Wood lived in Mount Herbert and later at Crossroads, until 1966 when he moved to a nursing home in Charlottetown. He was a buyer and shipper of cattle, chiefly to Newfoundland. Wood was also one of the pioneers in the silver fox industry on the Island, and won many trophies for his

Wood died 10 May 1969. He was survived by his daughter Helen and his second wife Maude.

Ethel Wood was born 18 January 1881 and died 18 January 1934.

References

CPG 1932, 1936, 1940, 1944, 1947, 1952; Guardian 12 May 1969; PARO: Marriage License Book 16 1882-1923 p. 100; Census 1901.

WRIGHT, HORACE, farmer and fox rancher; b. 7 January 1879 in Bedeque, son of Thomas Wright and Mary Alice Hooper; m. 20 June 1904 Minnie May Ross, and they had four children, William Ross, Winnifred Isabel, Horace Melvin, and John Sydney; United; d. 21 January 1951 in Charlottetown.

Wright, a Liberal, was first elected to the Legislative Assembly in the general election of 1927 for 4th Prince. He was re-elected in a by-election held February 1936, and in the general elections of 1939, 1943, and 1947. He was defeated in the general election of 1931. He served as a Minister without Portfolio under premiers J. Walter Jones* and Thane Campbell*. He served as President of Executive Council in 1943. Wright was defeated in the federal election of 1921 as a Progressive candidate.

A strong supporter of Prohibition, Wright fought strenuously against the Cullen Amendment, which would have allowed liquor to be sold without the prescription of a doctor. He threatened to resign as Minister if the bill was passed. However, when the bill was passed, Wright did not resign.

Wright was educated at the local school and at Prince of Wales College in Charlottetown. Immediately following the completion of his education, Wright taught for three years, but decided not to pursue a career in education. He chose instead to become a farmer. Wright owned a large and prosperous farm in Middleton. He was also a fox rancher. Horace Wright died 21 January 1951.

Minnie Wright, the daughter of Daniel Ross, was born 27 August 1880 and died 24 January 1953.

References

CPG 1928; HFER Prince p. 1; PEI Journal of the Legislative Assembly 1943 p. 3; Patriot 22 January 1951; PARO: Lower Bedeque Cemetery Records.

WYATT, JAMES EDWARD "NED," lawyer: b. 24 September 1860 in Charlottetown, son of William and Randal Wyatt; m. Cecilia Lefurgey of

foxes. He served as a judge at fox shows. Matthew Summerside and they had three children, Dorothy Randal, Wanda Lefurgey, and Ivan Edward; Anglican and Presbyterian; d. 4 May 1932.

> Wyatt, a Conservative, was first elected to the Legislative Assembly in the general election of 1908 for 5th Prince. He was re-elected in the general election of 1912. He was defeated in the general elections of 1904 and 1915, and in a by-election held 30 August 1922. In March of 1912, Wyatt was elected Speaker of the Legislative Assembly. Wyatt was defeated in the federal election of 1926 in the Prince County riding.

> "Ned" Wyatt, though born in Charlottetown, lived much of his life in Summerside. He was educated at Prince of Wales College. Following a five year period in which he studied law with E. J. Hodgson, Wyatt was admitted to the Prince Edward Island Bar on 2 November 1883. In the Charlottetown Examiner, he was commended for a good performance on his Bar admission exam. He then entered legal practice with J. E. Lefurgey in Summerside. J. E. Lefurgey was his wife's brother and the son of John Lefurgey", a successful shipbuilder and merchant, and a Conservative Member of the House of Assembly. Much of the legal work of the firm involved the management of the affairs of John Lefurgey. Wyatt had legal offices in both Summerside and Charlottetown.

> Wyatt's daughter, Wanda, was the first female law student in the province. James Wyatt was a central figure in enabling this possibility for his daughter, as he supported a bill that allowed women the opportunity for the first time. Wyatt's firm also sponsored her application for admission to law school, and provided an office in which to article. Wanda Wyatt became a heritage advocate and philanthropist. Ned Wyatt died 4 May 1932.

> Cecilia Wyatt, the daughter of John Lefurgey and Dorothea Read of Summerside, was born in 1864. She died in 1937. Ivan Edward Wyatt, James and Cecilia's son, died in 1898 at the age of two years.

References

CPG 1908, 1914, 1916, 1923; Elections PEI; Kessler; Maple Leaf Magazine September 1932; PARO: MNI-Census 1891; Summerside People's Cemetery Records; Leard Files.